

The Bengal Fashion Heritage

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FASHION

GOING 'FIGITAL' TO STEP UP THE FASHION HERITAGE OF BENGAL WAS AT THE HEART OF BENGAL FASHION HERITAGE

Ike most other sectors, the Bengal fashion industry, especially the handloom industry hit a roadblock due to the pandemic. The key to its revival became the devising of revisionary approaches to every facet of the industry. To this end, the third edition of Bengal Fashion Heritage, an initiative to reinvent and foster the handloom and embroidery and support the livelihoods of craftsmen, held a digital rendezvous, bringing together a group of fashion designers and entrepreneurs to widen the horizon of discussions around the same. It began with a video taking us through the journey of BCC&I till date. Deb Mukherjee, president, ECC&I gave the welcome address followed by a theme address by Dr Rupali Basu, founder, director, the Bengal Fashion Heritage to formally open the panel discussion. Sukanya Bose was the emcee for the session. 'Figital' – going digital while also retaining the physical aspects of the handloom industry, such as paving ways to have the touch-and-feel vibe, by the customers and designers allke, was the key thought of the roadmap ahead. The session was capped by a round of virtual felicitations — Shamlu Dudeja, chairperson, SHE Foundation, Nandita Raja, founder, Kanishka's, and late Sharbari Datta, founder, Sharbari Studio & Shunyaa were felicitated by BCC&I for their commendable endeavours. The award for Datta was virtually received by her son Amalin Datta and her daughter in-law Kanaklata Datta. Snapshots from the event:





DR RUPALI BASU, founder, director, The Bengal Fashion Heritage (TBFH)

"The Bengal Fashion Heritage 2021 is all about taking the initiative of preservation and promotion of Bengal's age-old rich and almost dying techniques of handembroidery and hand-block prints on handloom weaves, to the digital platform. This digitisation will enhance the reach of clientele and will make the products less expensive so that the sector starts breathing. The appeal to the government is made today for creating an exclusive embroidery council so as to make an attempt to address all issues and uplift the sector to a more organised one. The tremendous response from all quarters gives us the hope that we are on the right path and soon, things will change for the better."

DR MUNAL MAHBUB, senior vice president, Chittagong Women Chamber of Commerce

"Both the countries (India and Bangladesh) have to share bilater al ideas to expand our business, to connect, communicate with each other and grow together in a sustainable, skilful and stronger way. The coining of the word fashion heritage' brings us to the handloom industry in both the Bengals. In Bangladesh, the cottage industries are almost extinct today because of various problems adjacent to the industry — failing economy, unemployment, reduced spending. The pandemic and subsequent lockdown adversely impacted the artisans and craftsmen. Since the lockdown, unsold inventory has piled up, there is low capital to invest, and most artisans are looking for alternate means of living. The art of weaving in Bangladesh had evolved through variants like Jamdani, famous Dhaka muslin, what we call mulmul. Over the years, the weavers simplified the designs, made it more stylised and geometric. The handloom products have seen upwards trend in exports. Online marketing has helped the sales. Handloon is

the second largest source of rural employment. There are many stakeholders in India and Bangladesh and they have to grow collectively. The emerging wedding industry in India is not only acceptable and affordable for us but will boost the bilateral trade, if fellow artisans in the neighbouring countries can promote our artisans and if the fashion designers can

come to our country or collaborate with our local designers and artisans and open stores, that will help us sustain and hold on to this fashion heritage for years to come."



ADARSH MAKHARIA, director, OSAA by Adarsh

"When the pandemic happened, initially for first 10-20 days, I was numb and void, as 700 people were to be supported since they have supported me for 22 years. I will take care of their livelihood in whatever small way. We then thought why don't we say hello to our clients. So we started reaching out to clients through virtual appointments. We were conservative about showing designs virtually but we finally opened virtually, realising that we don't need to do have a store in Delhi and could connect with a client abroad also. I have seen what *kantha*, hand embroidery can do to fashion. That is our strength. Promoting products on the right platform with the right people is the key."

NUZHAT NUERI KRISTY, founder, chief designer of Kristy Boutique and director, Chittagong Women Chamber of Commerce & Industry

"In Bangladesh what is happening since the pandemic in March is that we have this biggest festival Id-ul-fitr, where most of our designers prepare designs for it and sell the products. But the pandemic gave us a huge shock. I have various kinds of products in my showroom — clutches, bags, dresses, long Jackets, but it has to have kantha work on it. So my clients are also specific, I have a big clientele for Id-ul-fitr. The pandemic had us run into losses. On the 15th day of Ramadan, I made a WhatsApp group and through video conferencing, I showcased the products to my clients. Custom has it that w have to bring new clothes for our kids on Id, so we had sales. But after that we realised that e-commerce was the way to go. We have started pages - uploading the pictures with the material, measurements etc. So in Bangladesh, people are buying clothes online. We are not charging delivery costs, so people are interested in buying more. If issues like free delivery or less delivery charges and accurate pricing can be taken care of, this will help us get back on our feet.

ABHISHEK RAY, proprietor, A Square Creations

"Smaller brands like mine need regular sales as they impact our retailers, our dyers, our block-printers The only thing that kept my brand afloat was my social media presence - I could repost old pictures and send regular messages to clients. I don't have a website yet, but Instagram, Facebook helped the cause, and keeping in touch with the clients too. I feel that physical touch and feel of a heritage handloom fabric is important. You spend a big amount so the fabric, colour, embroideries can be discussed only by sitting down - but the digital presence is the key now to overcome the blow of the pandemic. The pandemic taught me all about switching over to simplicity of designs, cutting down on wastage and that now when as per customer preference, comfort has taken over style, digital presence is necessary. I will go even more digital now.

PINKY KENWORTHY, model-turned-artist

"The trend has gone from wearing handcrafted and handloom material to going into synthetic and Thave seen that change in my career of 25 years. Younesters have imbibed that fad of powerloom, which is also cheap and use-and-throw. Our weavers have been struggling for a long time even before the pandemic so we need amazing designers, social fashionistas, and government to support them. And yes - the future is online and the only solution is to go digital. If things are explained well about the stories of the weaves and how they come to be, products can be marketed well for a wider reach.









RAJESH PANDEY, IAS, principal secretary, MSME & Textile, government of West Bengal

"Biswa Bangla is a brand that came up in the last 10 years, promoting products of unique heritage from Bengal. A lot of work is being done to ensure that the artisans have the necessary tools. We are working with the Unesco on a rural craft and culture hub. So crafts such as patachi tra or masks or various kinds of musical instruments are promoted through the provision of incentives to procure these instruments. These artists get a forum to display their skills and we also give market linkages. I have also been trying to get a GI (geographical indicator) tag for nakshi kantha. What we can do at Bengal Fashion Heritage is to organise these skilful artisans and craftsmen. We have to popularise these products so the heritage is there in people's household in whatever form be



FASHION





MALIKA VARMA, deputy director, TBFH 2022, founder, Malika's Kantha **Collection and director, She Kantha**

She Kantha or Malika's Kantha collection had a hard time when the lockdown began, with exhibitions cancelled. Artisans were hit hard, the business fellinto a slump — whatever excess money my mother and I had, we put it into welfare, so there was nothing to fall back on. The terms 'atmanirbhar Bharat' and 'vocal for local' became a reality. We have lived the life of vocal for local literally and we support this huge umbrella of 1,000 wom en who have been brought up over years, and they dich't understand the lockdown, and all they said was 'Won't we have work?' We are so particular about our designs not being exploited, which happen when they are out in the digital media, but we had no choice. I had to go digital. My mother has been at the helm of revival of *kantha*, which is being recognised all over and suddenly with new and old clients, we actually sold more than what we did before the lockdown. On May 18, we launched the online store on my

mother's birthday. The protection of our designs was a concern but well, it's up to the consumer. Kantha and Kanjeevarams are the heritage of our country so they have to be embellished and embroidered with designs that are contemporary and in sync with the fashion trends."



MINNIE JUNEJA, deputy director, TBFH 2021 and founder, Fenasia Group

"Bengal Fashion Heritage has opened an entire new frontier. It has offered us new opportunities for business and a platform to support the ecosystem of the fashion industry. At Fenasia, we have a luxury brand and have worked very closely with Bengal - our bags are traditional and contemporary. We work with embellishments, stones, zardozi, etc., and the artisans are the real stars. We faced challenges so we had to pick up from where we left. Procurement of raw materials was a challenge and the artisans couldn't come to office but we ensured their salaries are given to them. But the Indian consumers are reassessing the economic activities, due to the ease in restrictions, there is a significant improvement in consumer trends and behaviour. We need to promote sustainable

fashion. E-commerce has to be stepped up and the private and public sector have to join hands to

BAPPADITYA BISWAS, partner, **Bailou & Byloom**

"Initially, the pandemicisn't something we were ever prepared for. I am a very hands-on person so I have to touch, feel and wear textiles, so for me buying it online was difficult. But the need of the hour was to promote ourselves online. We were among the first few shops that opened. But people were scared to come out, so we had to go online. We were quite active on Facebook and we shoot real-life people in saris, it's a popular initiative that started long back. We paid more attention to our online page now. We have clients in Canada,



Australia and America and we have been working with

crafts for a long time so how do we contain the vast human involvement that has stopped? When there are no public occasions such as dinners or get-togethers, does the consumer need new garments? That is the question. We do everyday products here. So the way is to reimagine and repurpose the products, practical aspects. The positive of the pandemic is that people have started looking into the intrinsic value of products. Why cheap and fast fashion is not required, why heritage pieces are important to investing and having it for years - so these points are interconnected. The mindsets of people have changed, throwing away and wasting has gone so that's where handloom will come in now all the more. Cheap versus deep is the idea."



PRANAY BAIDYA, designer

strengthen the economy. Business has to be re-strategised."

"We have built a community of people dedicated to promoting the handloom weaves. Fortunately for our label, we have been focused for the last four years. We have a digital portal that serves clients not just in India but across the world. But there's also a bit of fatigue for the digital, so a word that is doing the rounds is 'Figital' - physical and digital. The huge part of our strategy has to combine the best of digital forces, whether communicating with our audience or other points, but we cannot ignore the physical aspects such as culture and the craft because they cannot be experienced digitally. The physical outlets are equally important; people new to a particular craft cannot experience it digitally, so the digital roadmap has to imbibe the physical aspects. We have an emotional value system as a community, so we want to celebrate and dress up and wear jewellery. The term 'fashion heritage' is significant — if we look at fashion, heritage and culture, we cannot ignore the physical aspects of culture even though digital is the roadmap from here on, the education and celebration of the handloom heritage will need physical, whereas aspects such as retail need the digital. We also cannot ignore that the multi-million-dollar wedding industry in India is a huge market and will help boost the handloom industry.

আপনি কি কেতাদুরস্ত দামি পোশাক কিনেছেন এর মধ্যে ? আমাদের বেশিরভাগেরই উন্তর হবে 'না'। কারণ করোনার পর ফ্যাশনেবল পোশাক কেনা আমাদের অনেকের কাছেই বিলাসিতা। কিন্তু ভেবে দেখেছেন কি, আমরা কেনা বন্ধ করে দিলে এই পোশাক তৈরির কারিগররা যাবেন কোত্থায় ? না না, বড় দোকান বা ফ্যাশন ডিজাইনারদের কথা বলছি না। কথা হচ্ছে করিগরদের । যাঁরা সৃতোর কাজ করেন আপনার সাধের পোশাকে। তাঁতিদের জন্য রয়েছে কেন্দ্রীয় মন্ত্রক। কিন্ধু কারিগরদের জন্য আপাতত নেই কিছুই।

বেঙ্গল চেম্বার অফ কমসি অ্যান্ড ইন্ডাস্ট্রির বেঙ্গল ফ্যাশন হেরিটেজের তরফ থেকে এ বার তাই পশ্চিমবঙ্গ সরকারের কাছে প্রস্তাব পাঠানো হল এমব্রয়ডারি কাউন্সিল গঠনের। আমাদের এখানে তাতিদের জন্য অনেক উদ্যোগ নেওয়া হয়। কেন্দ্র, রাজ্য দু`তরফেই। কিন্তু সুতোর কাজ যাঁরা করেন, তাঁদের জন্য কোনও সংগঠন নেই। আমরা চাইছি সব কারিগররা যাতে এক ছাতার তলায় এসে কাজ করতে পারেন। নিজেদের সমস্যার কথা জানাতে পারেন', বক্তব্য বেঙ্গল ফ্যাশন হেরিটেজের সভাপতি ডাক্তার রূপালী বসুর। কাঁথা, আরি, জরদৌসি, রক প্রিন্ট সহ সব শিল্পীদেরই সামিল করার চেষ্টা করা হচ্ছে এই উদ্যোগে। আর তাতে সাহায্য করছেন বেশ কিছু ফ্যাশন ডিজাইনার।

পাশাপাশি, এই পরিস্থিতিতে কী ভাবে ব্যবসা বাড়ানো যায়? ক্রেতারা কী ভাবছেন? ডিজিটাল প্ল্যাটফর্মে কী ভাবে আসা সম্ভব—বেঙ্গল ফ্যাশন হেরিটেজ ডিজাইনারদের সাহায্য করতে চলেছে এই উদ্যোগ গুলোতেও। 'আমাদের সঙ্গে অনেক ডিজাইনার আর ডিজাইনিং হাউজ যুক্ত হয়েছে। ডিজিটাল প্র্যাটফর্মে আমরা আরও অনেককে যুক্ত করতে পারব। তাঁদের সাহায্য করতে পারব ব্যবসা বাড়াতে। সম্পূর্ণ বিনামূল্যে। আমাদের কাছে শুধু লিখিত আবেদন পাঠাতে হবে', বলছেন রূপালী। অভিযেক রায়, মালিকা বর্মা,

পোশাকে সুতোর কাজ বা ব্লক প্রিন্ট করেন যাঁরা, সেই সব কারিগরদের এক ছাতার তলায় আনতে এক আলোচনা সভা হয়ে গেল সম্প্রতি। কিন্তু যাঁদের নিয়ে আলোচনা তাঁদের প্রতিনিধি সেখানে অনুপস্থিত কেন? প্রশ্ন তুললেন দেবলীনা ঘোষ



প্রলয় বৈদ্য, বাপ্পাদিত্য বিশ্বাস, আদর্শ মাখারিয়ার মতো অনেক ডিজাইনার, ডিজাইনিং হাউজের সদস্যরা উপস্থিত ছিলেন এই আলোচনায়। কিন্দ্র যাঁদের দুরাবস্থা দূর করতে এই উদ্যোগ, সেই কারিগরদের তরফ থেকে কোনও প্রতিনিধিকে পাওয়া গেল না সেখানে। মেহরুন বেগম এমব্রয়ডারি

মেহরন বেগম এমব্রয়ডারি করেন। বাড়ি হাওড়ায়। আলম শেখ করেন ব্লক প্রিন্টিংয়ের কাজ। থাকেন দ্রীরামপুরে। এই উদ্যোগ নিয়ে প্রশ্ন করতে দু জনেরই উত্তর মোটামুটি এক। 'এ রকম কোনও সংগঠন হলে খুব ভালো হয়। তবে প্রত্যেক সুতোর কাজ আলাদা। সেই সব কারিগরদের সমস্যাও আলাদা। সেটা মাথায় রাখা প্রয়োজন', বলছেন মেহরুন। আর



আলমের মতে এমরয়ডারি আর রক প্রিন্ট সম্পূর্ণ আলাদা বিষয়। তাই এক ছাতার তলায় সবাইকে কী ভাবে আনা সম্ভব এখনও বুঝতে পারছেন না তিনি। তবে এ রকম কিছু হলে উপকার হবে তাঁদের, সে কথা অবশ্য মেনে নিলেন এক বাক্যে।

করোনার পর থেকে অনেক কিছু খুইয়েছেন এই কারিগররা। এই উদ্যোগ যদি তাঁদের জীবনে কিছুটা হলেও স্বস্তি বয়ে আনে তবে মন্দ কী?

Embroidery Council Proposed To Safeguard Interests of The Skilled Artisans

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EMBROIDERY COUNCIL PROPOSED TO SAFEGUARD INTERESTS OF THE SKILLED ARTISANS





The Bengal Fashion Heritage is a unique initiative of The Bengal Chamber of Commerce and Industry, which was launched in 2016, and The Bengal Fashion Expo was held in 2017. The Bengal Fashion Heritage under the leadership of Dr. Rupali Basu, Founder, Director of TBFH & Chairperson, Lifestyle Committee of The Bengal Chamber organized a Digital Rendezvous.

The objective of The Bengal Fashion Heritage (TBFH) 2021 -

- The digital rendezvous focuses on a sustainable approach towards the continuation of business in this unprecedented time.
- Arranging for an e-Commerce platform to sell the products directly from the manufacturer
- Assessing Consumer psychology post lockdown.
- Exploring new opportunities.
- Impact on International Apparel Business

They have proposed the Government of West Bengal to constitute 'Embroidery Council' to safeguard the interests of these skilled artisans.

Special Felicitation on the occasion of TBFH 2021:

BCC&I felicitated three Creative Geniuses of Bengal:- Smt. Shamlu Dudeja, Chairperson, SHE Foundation, Smt. Nandita Raja, Founder, Kanishka, and posthumously to Late Sharbari Datta, for their untiring efforts and enduring sacrifices in creating livelihood for artisans.

The Eminent Panelists from India and Bangladesh were:

- Ms. Malika Verma, Deputy Director, TBFH 2021 & Director, Malika's Kantha Collection & Trading Pvt. Ltd
- Ms. Minnie Juneja, Deputy Director, TBFH 2021 & Chairperson, Fenasia Foundation
- Ms. Pinky Kenworthy, Eminent Fashion show Director
- Dr. Munal Mahbub, Senior Vice President, Chittagong Women Chamber of Commerce & Industry, representing Bangladesh
- Mr. Adarsh Makharia, Director, OSAA by Adarsh
- Mr. Bappaditya Biswas, Partner, Bailou & Byloom
- Mr. Pranay Baidya, Designer, Pranay Baidya

- Mr. Abhishek Ray, Proprietor, A Square Creations
- Ms. Nuzhat Nueri Kristy, Founder & Designer Of Kristy Boutique, Designer Member Of Designers Forum & Director, Chittagong women Chamber Of Commerce & Industry

The panelists were of the opinion that looking at the current scenario, going digital is the only way forward and the importance of the e-commerce platform was unparalleled during the pandemic.

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NO RESPONSES

• 596 VIEWS